

CS101 Lab-4

Today's Linux Commands

- Work in a directory named `~/lab4g1`
- We've learned how to redirect input from a file (`<`) and output to a file (`>`). The next step is to connect commands together using a pipe (`|`).
 - a. A pipe takes the standard output of the command on its left and uses it as the standard input for the command on its right.
 - b. We can chain many commands using pipes
 - c. Syntax: `command1 | command2`
- `grep` searches for lines that contain a specific pattern of text
 - a. Find all occurrences of "include" in `hello.c`
 - `grep "include" hello.c`
 - b. List all files/directories in your home directory (`~`) and then filter that list to show only the ones with "lab" in their name.
 - `ls ~ | grep "lab"`
- `wc` command counts the number of lines, words, and characters in its input
 - a. Count lines, words, chars in `hello.c`
 - `wc hello.c`
 - b. Count the number of C files in the current directory
 - `ls *.c | wc -l`
 - c. In all `.c` files in the current directory, find every line that uses the `printf` function and count how many such lines exist.
 - `cat *.c | grep "printf" | wc -l`

Instructions for the lab assignment:

We do not have resources to grade a question everyday for you all. We'll take a round and see how everyone is doing. We'll do formal grading later on in the semester once you have experience writing a decent number of C programs. Solve the first two problems in the lab, and solve other problems as practice whenever you have time.

1. Write a program to take input of an expression two signed integers and an operator: `a c b`. Here, `c` is an operator in `{+, -, *, /, % }` and `a` and `b` are integers with absolute values less than `1000`. The program should then evaluate the expression and print the result. If the user wants to divide by `0`, you should print an error message. In the last lab, you likely used if-else statements or else-if ladder. In this lab, use the `switch` expression. For checking absolute values, use `abs()` from `math.h`. To compile without warning, you might also need to include `stdlib.h`.
2. Copy the program for Problem-1 to a new file. Edit it so it accepts input as follows: first, it reads the number of expressions, say, `num_expressions`. It then reads that many expressions, each separated by a new line. Use `for` loop to achieve this. Then, use input redirection to read the input from `input.txt`. After writing the code, verify `while(num_expressions--)` instead of `for` also works. Convince yourself that both the approaches are identical. Sample `input.txt` file contents:

```
3
45 / 56
12 - 21
9 % 0
```
3. Build a countdown launch timer. Read the timer duration in seconds from the user and save it as int, say, `time_to_launch`. For input `time_to_launch = 10`, the program should print "T-minus 10... 9... 8... 7... 6... 5... 4... 3... 2... 1... BLASTOFF!"
4. Copy the program for Problem-3 to a new file. Modify it so as to include time units. Assume that `time_to_launch` is in seconds. While printing output, convert the time in `HH:MM:SS` format. For example, when `time_to_launch = 1000000`, countdown should start from T-minus 27:46:40 and go all the way to 00:00:00. Use output redirection to save output to `output.txt`. Verify that your output has exactly `1000000` lines and `2000000` colons when `time_to_launch = 1000000`.
Hint: use `%02d` for printing as discussed in the class.

Solution for Lab-3 Problem 1:

Use proper indentations, comments, and descriptive naming of variables.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>

int main() {
    int a, b, ans;
    char c;

    //enter an expression like 3 + 4 and press enter
    //note that 3+4 and pressing enter also works
    scanf("%d %c %d", &a, &c, &b);

    //to use abs() function, need to include math.h
    //to prevent compiler warning, need to include stdlib.h
    if(abs(a) > 1000 || abs(b) > 1000) {
        //preventing large input values avoids integer overflow errors
        //1000*1000 = 1,000,000 which is within the range of int
        printf("Input numbers must be between -1000 and 1000!\n");
        return 1;
    }

    if(c == '+') {
        ans = a + b;
    } else if(c == '-') {
        ans = a - b;
    } else if(c == '*') {
        ans = a * b;
    } else if(c == '/') {
        if(b != 0) {
            ans = a / b;
        } else {
            printf("Division by zero error!\n");
            return 1;
        }
    } else if(c == '%') {
        if(b != 0) {
            ans = a % b;
        } else {
            printf("Division by zero error!\n");
            return 1;
        }
    }
```

```
    } else {  
        printf("Invalid operator!\n");  
        return 1;  
    }  
    printf("%d %c %d = %d\n", a, c, b, ans);  
    return 0;  
}
```